

Supplementary Table 2. Clinical outcomes during post-discharge 6-month follow-up, from 1,435 acute myocardial infarction survivors with advanced Killip class III–IV treated by percutaneous coronary intervention procedure

Characteristic	Off-hours group (n = 860)	On-hours group (n = 575)	p value
MACCE	277 (32.2)	194 (33.7)	0.545
NACE	207 (24.1)	141 (24.5)	0.845
All-cause mortality	187 (21.7)	134 (23.3)	0.487
Cardiac death	124 (14.4)	84 (14.6)	0.920
Non-cardiac death	63 (7.3)	50 (8.7)	0.345
NFMI	46 (5.3)	27 (4.7)	0.581
Any revascularization	84 (9.8)	58 (10.1)	0.843
CVA	17 (2.0)	16 (2.8)	0.318
ST	7 (0.8)	4 (0.7)	1.000

Values are presented as number (%). MACCE is defined as a composite of all-cause mortality, non-fatal myocardial infarction, any revascularization, cerebrovascular accident, and stent thrombosis.

MACCE, major adverse cardiac and cerebrovascular event; NACE, net adverse clinical endpoint; NFMI, non-fatal myocardial infarction; CVA, cerebrovascular accident; ST, stent thrombosis.